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இலங்கைப் பாராளுமன்றம்
Parliament of Sri Lanka

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வருடாந்த செயலாற்றுகை அறிக்கை
ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

2024

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இலங்கைப் பாராளுமன்றம், ஸ்ரீ ஜயவர்தனபுர கோட்டே
PARLIAMENT OF SRI LANKA, SRI JAYEWARDENEPURA KOTTE

Contents

	Page
Chapter 1 — Organizational Profile / Executive Summary	
1.1 Introduction	01 -02
1.2 Vision, Mission and Objectives	02
1.3 Main Departments and Main Functions	02-05
1.4 Organizational Structure	05
Chapter 2 — Progress and Future Outlook	06-07
Chapter 3 — Overall Financial Performance for the Year	
3.1 Statement of Financial Performance	08
3.2 Statement of Financial Position	09
3.3 Statement of Cash Flows	10
3.4 Performance in Utilizing the Allocated Provisions	11
3.5 Performance in Reporting Non-Financial Assets	11
3.6 Report of the Auditor General	11
Chapter 4 — Performance Indicators	
4.1 Performance Indicator (Based on the Action Plan)	12
Chapter 5 — Performance in Achieving Sustainable Development Goals	13-14
Chapter 6 — Human Resources Profile	
6.1 Cadre Management	15
6.2 Impact of Shortage or Excess of Human Resources Towards Performance	15
6.3 Human Resources Development	16-19
Chapter 7 — Compliance Report	20-26

Chapter 01

Organizational Profile and Executive Summary

1.1 Introduction

Parliament is the legislature of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, which is one of three pillars of democracy—the executive, the legislature and the judiciary. The Constitution of the country provides for representing people, legislating laws and managing public finance in order to ensure that their aspirations are asserted.

The sovereignty of the Republic of Sri Lanka rests in its people and Article 4 (a) of the Constitution of Sri Lanka states that the legislative power of people should be exercised by Parliament comprising representatives elected by people. The representative power of Parliament is depicted in Article 62 of the Constitution and the legislative power so conferred in Parliament is further emphasized by Article 75. Article 76 stipulates Parliament's inalienable power to legislate and states the importance of its role in promulgating laws. Article 74 of the Constitution has accorded the status of 'Rules under the Constitution' to the Standing Orders of Parliament, which regulates its proceedings.

Article 4 (c) states that Parliament should exercise the judicial power of people through courts, except in the case of privileges, immunities and powers of Parliament and its Members.

The privileges, immunities, and powers of Parliament and its Members are exercised in accordance with the provisions of Article 67 of the Constitution and through the Parliament (Powers and Privileges) Act, No. 21 of 1953. The task of securing such privileges, immunities, and powers and exercising the executive power of the people is vested in the President of the country, who shall be responsible to Parliament for the due exercise, performance, and discharge of his powers, duties, and functions in accordance with Article 42 of the Constitution.

In accordance with the provisions of Article 148 of the Constitution, Parliament has full control over public finance. Furthermore, oversight of the functions of the Executive is also performed through Parliament.

In a historic decision delivered in the Parliament of Sri Lanka on 20th June 2001, the Hon. Anura Bandaranaike, the then Speaker of Parliament, reaffirmed the supremacy of Parliament.

Sri Lanka is one of the oldest democracies in Asia, and a constitutionally recognized staff supports the performance of Parliament's functions in a more orderly manner in order to further strengthen its role towards democracy and sustainability. The Speaker's decision made on 09th October 2012 recognized the office of the Speaker and the staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament as two offices that are unequalled in power, authority, and rank under the Constitution.

Article 65(1) of the Constitution provides for the appointment of the Secretary General of Parliament, while the staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament is appointed by the Secretary-General of Parliament in accordance with Article 65(3) of the Constitution, with the approval of the Speaker.

Article 170 of the Constitution defines the Secretary-General of Parliament and his staff as officers who are not public officers and thereby gives special recognition to the Office of the Secretary-General of Parliament as an independent institution. Any matter relating to staff is regulated by the Parliamentary Staff Act No. 9 of 1953, which provides for the formulation of departmental and financial regulations in respect of the staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament. The Act has also provided for the establishment of a Parliamentary Staff Advisory Committee to advise and guide the Secretary-General of Parliament on matters relating to the staff.

The Parliament Secretariat functioning under the Secretary-General of Parliament, provides Members of Parliament with research, technical and administrative assistance as its main responsibility, including an understanding on the required procedures to fulfil their constitutional mandate. The Parliament Secretariat performs a key role in narrowing the gap between the Parliament, people and their representatives. This report provides a brief outline about the various activities carried out by the staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament in year 2024 with a view to providing an excellent service, and this report contains the overall financial performance for year 2024 under Expenditure Head No.16.

1.2 Vision, Mission and Objectives

Vision

Becoming an effective and efficient people-centred Parliament which promotes democracy and good governance.

Mission

Providing procedural guidance and facilities to Members of Parliament in their performance of functions effectively and efficiently as legislators, people's representatives and assiduous scrutinizers of the use of public funds.

Main Objectives of the Parliament

1. Exercising people's legislative power
2. Exercising full control over public finance
3. Implementing oversight over the executive

1.3 Departments Functioning under the Secretary-General of Parliament and their Main Functions

Department of the Serjeant-at-Arms

The Serjeant-at-Arms has the custody of and bears responsibility for the protection of the "Mace", which symbolizes the authority of Parliament, and functions as the official who executes the orders given by the Chair. The Department of the Serjeant-at-Arms performs the tasks of assisting the legislative process by keeping the safe custody of the Mace, by performing other functions that arise from its service to the Hon. Speaker, who wields the executive authority inside the Chamber, and by ensuring that adequate support staff and facilities necessary for the smooth functioning of Parliament and its Committees are available.

The Department of the Serjeant-at-Arms, which is the wing that is directly involved in ensuring the safety and security of Members of Parliament, members of the Staff of Parliament and visitors as well as distinguished guests to the Parliament, makes all the arrangements necessary for the creation of a safe and secure environment within the Parliamentary Complex.

Department of Administration

The key function of the Department of Administration is to contribute strategically towards the personal development and well-being of the Staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament enabling them to perform their duties in a productive manner within a competitive environment.

The Department of Administration has identified that an active staff with right attitudes, knowledge and skills is essential for implementing decisions strategically for the purpose of achieving the objectives of this supreme institution, rising to challenges posed to it, and being quantitatively and qualitatively capable within a rapidly changing environment.

Having understood its daunting responsibility in serving these purposes, the Administration Department has become firmly committed to ensuring the performance, continuing development and well-being of the Staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament. An incessant endeavour is made to create a constructive change for this purpose and the Department of Administration is vested with the power to formulate and decide on human resource policies so that the Department can guide the organization through correct policies, decisions and measures in the management of its human resources.

The Department of Administration consists of the following offices:

1. Establishments Office
2. Members' Services Office
3. Human Resource Development Office
4. Transport Office
5. Right to Information Unit

Hansard Department

Preparing the Hansard Report containing the verbatim reports of every speech made in the House of Parliament by Members of Parliament and compiling Reports of Committees are the responsibilities of the Hansard Department.

The Department consists of the Editor of Hansard, Deputy Editors of Hansard, Assistant Editors of Hansard, Senior Hansard Reporters and Hansard Reporters and equipped with a Committee Reporters' Unit, an Indexing Unit and a Speech Recording Unit.

Every word uttered during the debates in Parliament and are heard by the Hansard reporters are recorded and scripted by them, and thereafter, the scripts are handed over to the Assistant Editors of Hansard for scrutiny and corrections in case there are any mistakes. The scripts so corrected are handed over to the Deputy Editor of Hansard in the respective section according to the language stream.

All the tasks beyond that point are assigned to the Editor of Hansard, who is tasked with preparing the final version of the Hansard Report to be sent to the Government Printer.

Department of the Co-ordinating Engineer

The Department of the Co-ordinating Engineer was established in 1990 for carrying out all civil engineering maintenance works required at the Parliamentary Complex, the Official Residence of the Speaker of Parliament, the Shrivasthi building, the Members' Housing Complex in Madiwela, the Staff Quarters in Jayawadanagama and the General's House in Nuwara Eliya.

Operating all systems such as lifts, central air conditioning system, closed circuit television (CCTV) surveillance camera system, main television antenna system (MTAV), sound system, cold rooms etc. and ensuring proper functioning of all equipment as well as bearing responsibility for maintenance work at affiliated departments (the Ceylon Electricity Board and the National Water Supply and Drainage Board) are carried out under this Department. It also keeps vigilance on repair and restoration work

necessary in the Parliament building, carries out new constructions in the Parliamentary Complex, prepares documents necessary for inviting quotations for new constructions, and performs necessary repair and maintenance works in the electrical equipment and systems as well.

Department of Catering and Housekeeping Services

Under the consultancy and guidance provided through the professional, technical and operational expertise of the Hotel Lanka Oberoi, which is a leading international hotel in the field of hospitality trade, the Catering and Housekeeping Department was created as a new Department with the shifting of the Parliament of Sri Lanka to the Parliamentary Complex in Sri Jayewardenepura Kotte in 1982. Subsequently, this Department was incorporated to the Staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament and has been functioning thus up until now.

It comes under the Director - Catering and Housekeeping, and functions through three subdivisions known as the Kitchen, Restaurants and Housekeeping.

The Food, Beverages, and Restaurant Service mainly consists of 12 sections organized as cafeterias, executive cafeterias, VIP cafeterias and the food and supplies division. Five of the cafeterias operate every day and serve between 1,000 and 1,200 diners on non-sitting days.

Yet another duty of the Department is to maintain the sanitary and housekeeping services, thereby responding to the needs of the distinguished persons in the building that comprise five storeys. At the same time, the Department ensures that the housekeeping service is organized to suit all those who serve in the Parliament premises in their official or professional capacities.

Department of Information Systems and Management

The responsibility for catering to the information and communication technology needs of Parliament is borne by the Department of Information Systems and Management. The Department of Information Systems and Management was established in the latter half of the year 2004. The Department functions under the vision of 'strengthening stakeholders through information systems equipped with modern technology' and performs a big role at present in taking the efficiency and productivity of the work at the Parliament Secretariat to a high level. The Department empowers people with knowledge and information pertaining to important decisions and moves taken by Parliament and provides Members of Parliament with accurate and timely information in an efficient manner with a view to assisting them in the decision-making process.

Department of Legislative Services

Services such as assisting the legislative process in Parliament, providing assistance in effective and efficient performance of the functions of the legislature, providing assistance in carrying out oversight and control over public finance through various committees in order to uphold the responsibility and accountability of the Executive to Parliament as well as to the public, facilitating the Members of Parliament with necessary research and information for effective lawmaking and debate, implementation of Official Languages Policy together with the link language in the legislative process, presentation of subordinate legislation such as draft bills, orders, rules, regulations, etc., and annual reports of statutory bodies, performance reports of ministries, departments, and local government institutions to Parliament, coordinating the relevant functions to ensure their proper passage by Parliament as required, and preparing all relevant agendas, order books or related supplements thereto, minutes and Order of Business relating to the sittings of Parliament in all three languages are provided by the Department of Legislative Services.

The following offices operate within the Department of Legislative Services.

1. Table Office
2. Bills Office
3. Ministerial Consultative Committee (MCC) Office
4. Committee Office
5. Sectoral Oversight Committee (SOC) Office
6. Committee on Public Finance (COPF) Office
7. Committee on Public Enterprises (COPE) Office
8. Public Petitions Committee Office
9. Interpreters' Office
10. Library

Department of Finance and Supplies

The Department of Finance and Supplies performs a key role in the management activities of Parliament. The Director (Finance) is the Head of the Department. The Director (Finance), in his/her capacity as the accounting officer, directly reports to and advocates the Secretary-General of Parliament regarding financial matters.

Performing the ordinary functions assigned to the Director as the accounting officer and ensuring the management of funds in accordance with financial regulations, laws as well as policies, performing tasks relating to financial control, ensuring the safety and efficiency of assets and implementing adequate internal controls are the main functions of the Director (Finance).

The Department of Finance and Supplies consists of three offices supervised by the Director (Finance).

1. Finance and Accounts Office
2. Supplies and Services Office
3. Catering Accounts Office

Department of Communication

The Department of Communication was established in 2019 in order to elevate the present Parliament to an efficient, people-centered body from which stakeholders can obtain information relevant to them. This Department is headed by the Director (Communication). Its vision is to improve the quality of interaction both within Parliament and among Members of Parliament, as well as with key stakeholders such as the media, civil society organizations, and community groups. The Department operates as two Divisions, the Media Division and the Public Outreach Division under the supervision of two Managers.

The Communications Department of Parliament manages communications, designs and implements communication strategies, and prepares all communication plans. Project management and editing are carried out by the Media Division, while maintaining good relations between the public and Parliament and facilitating open public participation are carried out by the Public Outreach Division.

1.3 Organizational Structure

The staff of the Secretary-General of Parliament provides the secretarial and staff services required for the efficient performance of the duties of Parliament, which is headed by the Hon. Speaker of Parliament. (Please refer to Annexure 01 for the organizational structure)

Chapter - 02

Progress and Outlook

The Parliament of Sri Lanka, which bears the primary responsibility of upholding a democratic state system, is currently striving to establish a closer connection with the citizens than ever before. It seeks to fulfil their aspirations by strengthening public representation, enacting legislation, and actively engaging in the oversight process to ensure sound fiscal management. As a country that claims to be the oldest parliamentary democratic system of government in South Asia, a more meaningful vision and awareness of individual freedom, representative democracy, and civic responsibility is essential in Sri Lanka. In pursuit of these democratic ideals, the Parliament has implemented a range of outreach initiatives and communication strategies throughout 2024, aimed at enhancing public awareness of its legislative, procedural, and deliberative functions.

The procedural work required for the enactment of laws, which is the most significant legislative function entrusted to Parliament, was carried out to a remarkable extent in 2024, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution and the Standing Orders of Parliament.

Accordingly, it was a remarkable development that during the year 2024, Parliament passed 36 Government Bills and 14 Private Members' Bills, all of which were duly incorporated into the national legal framework upon receiving the Speaker's assent, in accordance with Article 79 of the Constitution.

A fundamental element of representative democracy in this country is the participation of public representatives in parliamentary proceedings, representing their people. Accordingly, 61 sitting days of Parliament were held in the year 2024, and for this purpose, 03 Order Books of Parliament, 25 Addendums, and 61 Order Papers corresponding to the sitting days containing the motions and oral questions scheduled for future consideration in relation to the business of Parliament were prepared in Sinhala, Tamil, and English. Necessary arrangements were made to distribute these documents to all Members of Parliament, Secretaries of Ministries, relevant statutory institutions, media institutions, and the heads and officials of Parliament and other relevant institutions, via the local speed post service.

In the year 2024, a total of 397 Performance and Annual Reports submitted by Ministries, Departments, Public Corporations, and Statutory Institutions under them, as well as a number of Subordinate Legislations including Orders, Regulations and Resolutions published in the Gazettes issued under the provisions of Acts were presented and passed by Parliament. Parliamentary Questions raised by Hon. Members on matters of public interest play a vital role in the proceedings. It should specially be mentioned that, accordingly, in 2024, 329 Questions for Oral Answers and 26 Questions for Written Answers were submitted by the Hon. Members in 2024, and steps were taken to include them in the particular Order Papers in accordance with the Standing Orders of Parliament.

The preparation of the Parliament's Order Book, Addenda to the Order Book, the Order Paper as well as information pertaining to the business scheduled for upcoming sittings, and Minutes of Parliamentary sittings in all three languages, and the prompt updating of such information on the official website of Parliament, constitute a vital function. This ensures that all stakeholders interested in parliamentary proceedings have timely and efficient access to accurate information.

Furthermore, the Annual Reports, Performance Reports, and Financial Statements submitted to Parliament by all categories of government institutions in 2024 were uploaded to the official website in digital format, thereby making a notable contribution towards meeting public information needs.

In 2024, the Parliamentary Secretariat undertook several initiatives aimed at enhancing transparency, responsibility, and accountability in the parliamentary process. Accordingly, the Right to Information (RTI) Unit, established under the provisions of the Right to Information Act, No. 12 of

- 2016, received 210 requests during the year 2024. Of these, 142 requests were fully responded to, while 06 were partially responded to.

A notable feature in 2024 was the proactive role of the Department of Communication, which was established with the objective of transforming the Parliament of Sri Lanka into a more public-centric institution by promoting greater awareness of parliamentary traditions, functions, and modern developments. In the year 2024 the Department undertook a range of initiatives to disseminate accurate and reliable information on parliamentary proceedings to the public. Accordingly, a total of 450 press releases pertaining to the legislative process and other parliamentary matters were issued to the media in all three languages during the year. In addition, the official social media platforms of Parliament were updated regularly. Significant efforts were also made to enhance public engagement through live broadcasts of parliamentary sittings, production of audio-visual content aimed at educating the public on parliamentary affairs, and comprehensive media coordination regarding various functions of Parliament.

In addition, over the past year, awareness raising on parliamentary procedures and practices has been carried out among the public, university and school communities, and other institutes, including local government bodies. As such, the Parliament has conducted 16 Student Parliaments in the year 2024 and the number of other programs conducted was as high as 23.

All necessary plans have been prepared already to effectively and efficiently fulfill the responsibility entrusted to Parliament by successfully managing the potential challenges which may arise in the year 2025.

I would like to gratefully acknowledge the commendable service rendered by the Departments, including the Department of Legislative Services at the forefront, the Department of the Serjeant-at-Arms, the Department of Administration, the Hansard Department, the Department of Catering and Housekeeping Services, the Department of the Co-ordinating Engineer, the Department of Finance and Supplies, the Department of Information Systems and Management, and the Department of Communication for their role in performing these legislative and other related functions of the most supreme body of the country more efficiently and transparently in a manner that meets the aspirations of the public.



Kushani Rohanadeera
Secretary General of Parliament

Chapter - 03

Overall Financial Performance for the Year

3.1 Statement of Financial Performance

ACA-F

Statement of Financial Performance for the period ended 31st December 2024

Revised Budget Allocations 2024 Rs.		Note	Actual	
			2024 Rs.	2023 Rs.
-	Revenue Receipts			-
-	Income Tax	1		-
-	Taxes on Domestic Goods & Services	2		-
-	Taxes on International Trade	3		-
-	Non Tax Revenue & Others	4		-
-	Total Revenue Receipts (A)			-
-	Non Revenue Receipts			-
-	Treasury Imprests		3,515,427,000	3,524,517,000
-	Deposits		38,904,960	9,056,237
28,000,000	Advance Accounts		33,407,302	36,720,978
-	Other Main Ledger Receipts		-	-
-	Total Non Revenue Receipts (B)		3,587,739,262	3,570,294,215
-	Total Revenue Receipts & Non Revenue Receipts C = (A)+(B)		3,587,739,262	3,570,294,215
-	Remittance to the Treasury (D)		82,664,298	536
-	Net Revenue Receipts & Non Revenue Receipts E = (C)-(D)		3,505,074,964	3,570,293,679
-	Less: Expenditure			
-	Recurrent Expenditure			
1,423,900,000	Wages, Salaries & Other Employment Benefits	5	1,274,022,050	1,302,933,644
1,989,100,000	Other Goods & Services	6	1,772,859,522	1,882,990,589
442,000,000	Subsidies, Grants and Transfers	7	412,739,263	388,177,735
-	Interest Payments	8	-	-
-	Other Recurrent Expenditure	9	-	-
3,855,000,000	Total Recurrent Expenditure (F)		3,459,620,835	3,574,101,968
-	Capital Expenditure			
342,800,000	Rehabilitation & Improvement of Capital Assets	10	61,728,156	30,597,492
141,200,000	Acquisition of Capital Assets	11	55,153,626	10,533,660
1,000,000	Capital Transfers	12	-	-
-	Acquisition of Financial Assets	13	-	-
1,000,000	Capacity Building	14	964,237	968,323
-	Other Capital Expenditure	15	-	-
486,000,000	Total Capital Expenditure (G)		117,846,019	42,099,475
30,000,000	Deposit Payments		25,330,686	9,113,858
-	Advance Payments		30,746,602	29,839,740
-	Other Main Ledger Payments		-	-
-	Total Main Ledger Expenditure (H)		56,077,288	38,953,598
-	Total Expenditure I = (F+G+H)		3,633,544,142	3,655,155,041
-	Balance as at 31st December J = (E-I)		(128,469,178)	(84,861,362)
-	Balance as per the Imprest Adjustment Statement		(128,469,178)	(84,861,362)
-	Imprest Balance as at 31st December		-	-



3.2. Statement of Financial Position

ACA-P

Statement of Financial Position
As at 31st December 2024

		Actual	
	Note	2024	2023
		Rs	Rs
<u>Non Financial Assets</u>			
Property, Plant & Equipment	ACA-6	22,002,571,633	21,863,566,620
Lease Asset			8,750,000
<u>Financial Assets</u>			
Lease Asset Invsetment			1,668,610
Advance Accounts	ACA-5/5(a)	85,972,292	88,632,993
Cash & Cash Equivalents	ACA-3	-	-
Total Assets		22,088,543,925	21,962,618,223
<u>Net Assets / Equity</u>			
Net Worth to Treasury		69,206,022	85,440,997
Property, Plant & Equipment Reserve		22,002,571,633	21,863,566,620
Least Asset Reserve			8,750,000
Rent and Work Advance Reserve	ACA-5(b)		
<u>Current Liabilities</u>			
Lease Creditors			1,668,610
Deposits Accounts	ACA-4	16,766,270	3,191,996
Unsettled Imprest Balance	ACA-3	-	-
Total Liabilities		22,088,543,925	21,962,618,223

Detail Accounting Statements in ACA format Nos. 2 to 7 presented in pages from 7 to 47 and Annexures to accounts presented in pages from 48 to 76 form an integral part of these Financial Statements. **The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Government Financial Regulations 150 & 151 and State Accounts Guideline No. 06/2024, dated 16.12.2024** and hereby certify that figures in these Financial Statements, Notes to accounts and other relevant accounts were reconciled with the Treasury Books of Accounts and found in agreement. We hereby certify that an effective internal control system for the financial control exists in the Reporting Entity and carried out periodic reviews to monitor the effectiveness of internal control system for the financial control and accordingly make alterations as required for such systems to be effectively carried out.



Chief Accounting Officer
Name :
Designation :
Date :

KUSHANI ROHANADEERA
Secretary General of Parliament
Parliament
Sri Jayewardenepura - Kotte



Accounting Officer
Name :
Designation :
Date :

KUSHANI ROHANADEERA
Secretary General of Parliament
Parliament
Sri Jayewardenepura - Kotte



Chief Financial Officer/ Chief Accountant/
Director (Finance)/ Commissioner (Finance)
Name :
Date :

G. Sarath Kumara
Director (Finance)
Parliament of Sri Lanka
Sri Jayewardenepura Kotte



3.3 Statement of Cash Flows

ACA-C

Statement of Cash Flows
for the Period ended 31st December 2024

	Actual	
	2024 Rs.	2023 Rs.
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</u>		
Total Tax Receipts	-	-
Fees, Fines, Penalties and Licenses	-	-
Profit	-	-
Non Revenue Receipts	-	-
Revenue Collected on behalf of Other Revenue Heads	127,612,825	86,608,855
Imprest Received	3,515,427,000	3,524,517,000
Recoveries from Advance	33,261,466	37,304,782
Deposit Received	38,904,960	9,056,237
Total Cash generated from Operations (A)	3,715,206,251	3,657,486,874
<u>Less - Cash disbursed for:</u>		
Personal Emoluments & Operating Payments	3,044,407,521	3,183,300,708
Subsidies & Transfer Payments	412,739,263	388,177,735
Expenditure incurred on behalf of Other Heads	1,622,561	4,954,822
Imprest Settlement to Treasury	82,664,298	536
Advance Payments	30,595,902	29,839,740
Deposit Payments	25,330,687	9,113,858
Total Cash disbursed for Operations (B)	3,597,360,232	3,615,387,399
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES(C)=(A)-(B)	117,846,019	42,099,475
<u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</u>		
Interest	-	-
Dividends	-	-
Divestiture Proceeds & Sale of Physical Assets	-	-
Recoveries from On Lending	-	-
Total Cash generated from Investing Activities (D)	-	-
<u>Less - Cash disbursed for:</u>		
Capital Expenditure	117,846,019	42,099,475
Total Cash disbursed for Investing Activities (E)	117,846,019	42,099,475
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES(F)=(D)-(E)	(117,846,019)	(42,099,475)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING & INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES (G)=(C) + (F)	-	-
<u>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</u>		
Local Borrowings	-	-
Foreign Borrowings	-	-
Grants Received	-	-
Total Cash generated from Financing Activities (H)	-	-
<u>Less - Cash disbursed for:</u>		
Repayment of Local Borrowings	-	-
Repayment of Foreign Borrowings	-	-
Total Cash disbursed for Financing Activities (I)	-	-
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (J)=(H)-(I)	-	-
Net Movement in Cash (K) = (G) + (J)	-	-
Opening Cash Balance as at 01st January	-	-
Closing Cash Balance as at 31st December	-	-



3.4 Utilization performance of allocated provisions

Purpose of the Allocation	Allocation		Actual Expenditure	Allocation Utilization as a % of Final Allocation
	Original	Final		
Recurrent	3,855,000,000	3,855,000,000	3,459,620,835	90
Capital	486,000,000	486,000,000	117,846,019	24
Total	4,341,000,000	4,341,000,000	3,577,466,854	

3.5 Performance of Reporting of Non – Financial Assets

Assets Code	Code Description	Balance as per Board of Survey Report as at 31.12.2024	Balance as per financial Position Report as at 31.12.2024	Yet to be Accounted	Reporting Progress as a %
9151	Building and Structures	8,127,422,300	8,127,422,300	-	100%
9152	Machinery and Equipment	1,625,923,332	1,625,923,332	-	100%
9153	Land	12,249,226,000	12,249,226,000	-	100%
9154	Intangible Assets	-	-		
9155	Biological Assets	-	-		
9160	Working in Progress	-	-		
9180	Lease Assets	-	-		-

3.6 The Auditor General's report is attached. (Annexure 02)

Chapter - 04 Performance Indicators

4.1 Institutional Performance Indicators (Based on the Action Plan)

Specific Indicators	Actual output as a percentage (%) of the expected output		
	90% - 100%	75% - 89%	50%-74%
1. Providing necessary instructions, documents, translation service and other routine ancillary services required for keeping the business of the House of Parliament running smoothly.	√		
2. Proper maintenance of the services required for the legislative process such as parliamentary committee meetings, committee meetings, and other special committees, etc.	√		
3. Presentation of official reports of Parliament, presenting required information about Parliament and its proceedings	√		
4. Providing secretariat facilities for efficient functioning of the Parliament and its Committees.	√		
5. Raising awareness among the public on Parliament and its functions	√		

Chapter - 05
Performance in Achieving Sustainable Development Goals

Identified Sustainable Development Goals	Target	Achievement Indicator	Percentage		
			0-49%	50-74%	75-100%
Establishing peace and strengthening the mechanism that establish justice and equity	Build effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels	<i>Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget by sector</i> 16.6.2 Proportion of the <i>population satisfied with their last experience of public services.</i> <u>Indicators</u> Steps taken by Parliament to maintain transparency • Opening Parliamentary Business and Committee Business to the Media • Publishing Hansard and Committee Reports on the Parliament website • Publishing Committee Schedules on the Parliamentary Website • Open Parliamentary Process • Public outreach programmes • Providing information under the Right to Information Act • Active disclosure of information • Public participation in the parliamentary process			√
		16.7 Proportion of positions in government agencies compared to the national distributions 16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group <u>Indicators</u> Committees where the Hon. Speaker makes decision on the public policy regime under the leadership of the leaders of political representation in Parliament or of their representatives, viz, • Committee on Parliamentary Business • House Committees • Liaison Committee			√ √ √

		- Committee of Backbenchers Administrative Affairs / Secretarial Affairs - Between SGP/CoS and DSG/ASG/HODs and Hon. Speaker - Between HODs and Top Management - Between Sectional Heads, Heads of Departments - Between Sectional Heads and Employees			√ √ √ √ √
	16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements	16.10.2 Constitutional or policy guarantee for public access to information <u>Indicators</u> Access to information by the public through the Parliament website On request Under the Right to Information Act Through the Library of Parliament Access to documents already compiled for future information needs of users Under the Right to Information Act Public services Research publications Committee reports Other parliamentary publications		√ √ √ √ √ √ √	

Chapter - 06

Human Resource Profile

The sanctioned number of employees for the year 2024 and the number of employees currently in service are given below.

Position	Approved Carder				Existing Cadre				Vacancies			
	SGP	Hon. Speaker	Hon. Deputy Speake	Hon. Deputy Chairman of Committ ees	SGP	Hon. Speaker	Hon. Deputy Speake	Hon. Deputy Chairman of Committ ees	SGP	Hon. Speaker	Hon. Deputy Speake	Hon. Deputy Chairman of Committ ees
Senior level	68	5	4	4	54	1	1	3	14	4	3	1
Tertiary level	176	0	0	0	143	0	0	0	33	-	-	-
Secondary level	268	01	0	0	206	0	0	1	62	1	-	-
Primary level	482	30	12	12	428	11	2	2	54	19	10	10
Casual / Temporary	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	-	-	-
(Dying cadre)	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	-	-	-
Total (As at 31.12.2024)	994	36	16	16	844	12	3	5	150	24	13	11

6.2 Impact of the Shortage or Excess of Human Resources Towards the Performance

Although there had been a shortage in the actual cadre compared to the approved cadre on the staff of the Secretary General of Parliament, the challenging task of strategically managing the human resources was carried out in a manner that do not hamper the main functions in achieving the main objectives. It was possible to mitigate the effects of the shortage of human resources by using technology. Activities for the recruitment for most vacant positions has been carried out according to the service requirements the recruitment for the remainder is expected to be completed in the year 2025.

6.3 Human Resources Development

	Name of the Training Programme	Number of Employees	Duration	Total investment (Rs.)		Nature of the Programme	Outcome/ Knowledge Gained
				Local	Foreign		
1	Training Workshop on Supervisory Management	1	One day (01)	12,500.00		An external training programme conducted by the Institute of Chartered Professional Managers (CPM)	1
2	Training Programme on Garden Maintenance Equipment and Machinery Repair	10	Two days (02)	41,800.00		An external training programme conducted by the Anuradhapura Farm Mechanization Training Center	2
3	Learning Workshop on the Right to Information Act	40	One day (01)	N/A		An external training programme conducted by the Right to Information Commission of Sri Lanka	3
4	Online Course on Air Conditioning System Design	1	Fifteen days (15)	32,000.00		An online programme conducted by the Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka (IESL).	4
5	Effective Management Skills for Administrative Officers and Human Resource Managers	3	Two days (02)	39,000.00		An external training programme conducted by the Skills Development Fund Limited (SDFL).	5
6	Employee Misconduct and Disciplinary Action Procedure	1	One day (01)	17,537.75		An external training programme conducted by The Employers' Federation of Ceylon	6

7	Mindful Leadership	5	Twelve days (12)	100,000.00	An external training programme conducted by the Bandaranaike Academy for Leadership and Public Policy	7
8	Workshop on Government Procurement Procedures	3	Two days (02)	39,000.00	An external training programme conducted by the Skills Development Fund Limited (SDFL).	8
9	Vehicle Fleet Management	4	One day (01)	48,000.00	An external training programme conducted by PRAG Institute	9
10	Workshop on "Electrical Systems Design for Buildings"	2	4 days	44,000.00	An external training Programme conducted by the Construction Equipment Training Center (CETRAC).	Knowledge was provided for designing an electrical installation in buildings.
11	The Smart Secretary	1	1 day	14,900.00	An external training Programme conducted by the Chartered Institute of Personnel Management (CIPM) of Sri Lanka	Skills were developed to become an effective Secretary.
12	Plumbing systems for high-rise buildings	4	2 days	52,000.00	An external training Programme conducted by the Construction Equipment Training Center (CETRAC).	Skills were developed in constructing plumbing systems for high-rise buildings.
13	Motor vehicle emissions testing	38	2 days	N/A	An internal training Programme conducted by the Department of Motor Traffic.	Knowledge of vehicle emission testing was improved.
14	Event Management	10	2 days	130,000.00	An external training Programme conducted by the Skills Development Fund Limited. (SDFL).	Improving the skills to successfully manage events
15	Physical Health Awareness Programme for Parliamentary Staff	All staff	1 day	N/A	Internal Training Programme - Conducted by: Dr. Chaminda Garusinghe	Awareness among staff members about diabetes and non-communicable diseases was improved.

16	Training on "Post Legislative Scrutiny"	25	2 days	N/A		External training Programme conducted by WFD	Improving knowledge about the importance of assessing the effectiveness of laws after they are passed and enforced.
17	Workshop on water pump and compressor maintenance	1	4 days	26,500.00		An external training Programme conducted by the Construction Equipment Training Center (CETRAC).	Improving skills in maintaining water pumps and compressors.
18	Training Programme on "Active and Passive Fire Protection Systems for High-rise Buildings"	4	2 days	52,000.00		An external training Programme conducted by the Construction Equipment Training Center (CETRAC).	Competence was improved regarding active and passive fire protection systems in buildings.
19	Training Programme on fire safety procedures at the Parliament Complex (Evacuation Excellence, Mastering Warden Duties and Responsibilities)	65	1 day	N/A		An internal training Programme conducted by the Fire Service Department of the Colombo Municipal Council.	Awareness was raised about fire safety procedures in the Parliament complex.
20	Training Programme on "Public Procurement and Asset Management"	40	2 days	120,000.00		An internal training Programme conducted by Senior Procurement Specialist Anura Lokugamage.	Improving knowledge of public procurement and asset management in the public sector and thereby improved skills in handling procurement and asset management activities.
21	Employee orientation program	60	01 day	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Human Resource Development Office	Newly recruited staff members were briefed on the procedures, culture, structure, and environment of Parliament.
22	Knowledge-sharing session on the functions of the Sectoral Oversight Committee Office.	Entire staff	02 days	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Sectoral Oversight Committee Office.	Enhance the Knowledge on the procedures and protocols of the Sectoral Oversight Committee Office.
23	Knowledge-sharing session on the functions of the	Entire staff	02 days	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Research Office	Knowledge on the procedures and protocols of the Parliamentary

	Parliamentary Research Office.						Research Office was enhanced.
24	Knowledge-sharing session on the functions of the Bills Office.	Entire staff	02 days	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Bills Office	Knowledge on the procedures and protocols of the Parliamentary Bills Office was enhanced.
25	Knowledge-sharing session on the functions of the Table Office.	Entire staff	02 days	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Table Office	Knowledge on the procedures and protocols of the Parliamentary Bills Office was enhanced.
26	Knowledge-sharing session on the functions of the Members' Services Office.	Entire staff	02 days	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Members' Services Office.	Enhance the Knowledge on the procedures and protocols of the Members' Services Office.
27	Knowledge-sharing session on the functions of the Committee Office.	Entire staff	02 days	N/A		An internal program conducted by the Committee Office.	Knowledge on the procedures and protocols of the Parliamentary Committee Office was enhanced.
28	Strategic Human Resource Management for Organizational Excellence" – Short-term ITEC Scholarship Programme 2024	1	07 days	N/A		Overseas Programme – Indian Scholarship	The trained staff member serves in the Establishment Office, and the subject is highly relevant to her official duties.
29	Seminar on Government Effectiveness and Efficiency for Developing Countries	2	14 days	N/A		Overseas Programme – Chinese Scholarship	The trainees are heads of departments, and therefore this program is very useful for their role in policymaking
30	On-the-job training for officers in island-wide services	2	12 days			Overseas Programme – Indian Scholarship	The trainees represent the management level, and this program is useful for effectively performing their administrative duties

Chapter 07

Compliance Report

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
1	1. The following Financial statements/accounts have been			
1.1	Annual financial statements	Complied		
1.2	Advance to public officers account	Complied		
1.3	Trading and Manufacturing Advance Accounts (Commercial Advance Accounts)	Not Applicable		
1.4	Stores Advance Accounts	Not Applicable		
1.5	Special Advance Accounts	Not Applicable		
1.6	Others	Not Applicable		
2	Maintenance of books and registers (FR445)/			
2.1	Fixed assets register has been maintained and update in terms of Public Administration Circular 267/2018	Complied		
2.2	Personal emoluments register/ Personal emoluments cards has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.3	Register of Audit queries has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.4	Register of Internal Audit reports has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.5	All the monthly account summaries (CIGAS) are prepared and submitted to the Treasury on due date	Complied		
2.6	Register for cheques and money orders has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.7	Inventory register has been maintained and update	Complied		

2.8	Stocks Register has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.9	Register of Losses has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.10	Commitment Register has been maintained and update	Complied		
2.11	Register of Counterfoil Books (GA — N20) has been maintained and update	Complied		
3	Delegation of functions for financial control (FR 135)			
3.1	The financial authority has been delegated within the institute	Complied		
3.2	The delegation of financial authority has been communicated within the institute	Complied		
3.3	The authority has been delegated in such manner so as to pass each transaction through two or more officers	Complied		
3.4	Pursuant to Public Accounts Circular No. 171/2004 dated 11.05.2014, working under the control of accountants using the Government Payroll Software Package	Complied		Using a more advanced package instead of the government payroll software package
4	Preparation of Annual Plans			
4.1	The annual action plan has been prepared	Complied		
4.2	The annual procurement plan has been prepared	Complied		
4.3	The annual Internal Audit plan has been prepared	Complied		
4.4	The annual estimate has been prepared and submitted to the NBD on due date	Complied		
4.5	The annual cash flow has been submitted to the Treasury Operations Department on time	Complied		
5	Audit queries			
5.1	All the audit queries has been replied within the specified time by the Auditor General	Complied		
6	Internal Audit			
6.1	The internal audit plan has been prepared at the beginning of the year after consulting the Auditor	Complied		

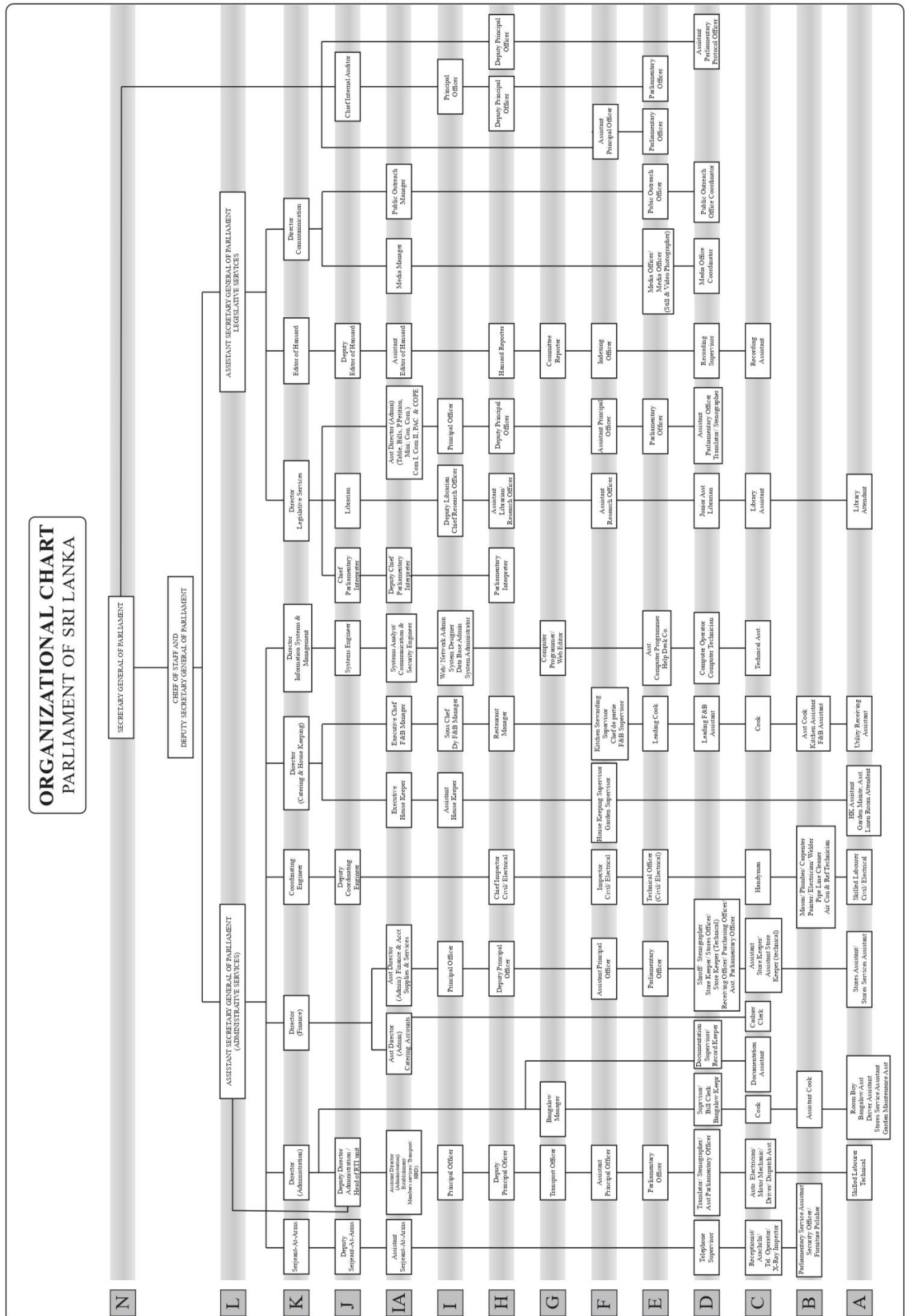
	General in terms of Financial Regulation 134(2)) DMA/1-2019			
6.2	All the internal audit reports has been replied within one month	Complied		
6.3	Copies of all the internal audit reports has been submitted to the Management Audit Department in terms of Sub-section 40(4) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018	Complied		
6.4	All the copies of internal audit reports has been submitted to the Auditor General in terms of Financial Regulation 134(3)	Complied		
7	Audit and Management Committee			
7.1	Minimum 04 meetings of the Audit and Management Committee has been held during the year as per the DMA Circular 1-2019	Complied		
8	Asset Management			
8.1	The information about purchases of assets and disposals was submitted to the Comptroller General's Office in terms of Paragraph 07 of the Asset Management Circular No. 01/2017	Complied		
8.2	A suitable liaison officer was appointed to coordinate the implementation of the provisions of 12 the circular and the details of the nominated officer was sent to the Comptroller General's Office in terms of Paragraph 13 of the aforesaid circular	Complied		
8.3	The boards of survey was conducted and the relevant reports submitted to the Auditor General on due date in terms of Public Finance Circular No. 05/2016	Not complied	The boards of survey was conducted however, not within the specific time period.	Necessary steps have been taken to expedite the work.
8.4	The excesses and deficits that were disclosed through the board of survey and other relating recommendations, actions were	Not complied		- same -

	carried out during the period specified in the circular			
8.5	The disposal of condemn articles had been carried out in terms of FR 772	Complied		
9	Vehicle Management			
9.1	The daily running charts and monthly summaries of the pool vehicles had been prepared and submitted to the Auditor General on due date	Complied		
9.2	The condemned vehicles had been disposed of within a period of less than 6 months after condemning	Not Complied		
9.3	The vehicle logbooks had been maintained and updated	Complied		
9.4	The action has been taken in terms of F.R. 103, 104, 109 and 110 with regard to every vehicle accident	Complied		
9.5	The fuel consumption of vehicles has been re-tested in terms of the provisions of Paragraph 3.1 of the Public Administration Circular No. 30/2016 of 29.12.2016	Complied		.
9.6	The absolute ownership of the leased vehicle log books has been transferred after the lease term	Complied		
10	Management of Bank Accounts			
10.1	The bank reconciliation statements had been prepared, got certified and made ready for audit by the due date	Complied		
10.2	The dormant accounts that had existed in the year under review or since previous years settled	Not Applicable		No Dormant Accounts exists
10.3	The action had been taken in terms of Financial Regulations regarding balances that had been disclosed through bank reconciliation statements and for which adjustments had to be made, and had those balances been settled within one month	Complied		
11	Utilization of Provisions			
11.1	The provisions allocated had been spent without exceeding the limit	Complied		

11.2	The liabilities not exceeding the provisions that remained at the end of the year as per the FR 94(1)	Complied		
12	Advances to Public Officers Account			
12.1	The limits had been complied with	Complied		
12.2	A time analysis had been carried out on the loans in arrears	Complied		
12.3	The loan balances in arrears for over one year had been settled	Complied		
13	General Deposit Account			
13.1	The action had been taken as per F.R.571 in relation to disposal of lapsed deposits	Complied		
13.2	The control register for general deposits had been updated and maintained	Complied		
14	Imprest Account			
14.1	The balance in the cash book at the end of the year under review remitted to TOD	Complied		
14.2	The ad-hoc sub imprests issued as per F.R. 371 settled within one month from the completion of the task	Complied		
14.3	The ad-hoc sub imprests had been issued exceeding the limit approved as per F.R. 371	Complied		
14.4	The balance of the imprest account had been reconciled with the Treasury books monthly	Complied		
15	Revenue Account			
15.1	The refunds from the revenue had been made in terms of the regulations	Complied		
15.2	The revenue collection had been directly credited to the revenue account without credited to the deposit account	Complied		

15.3	Returns of arrears of revenue forward to the Auditor General in terms of FR 176	Not Applicable		
16	Human Resource Management			
16.1	The staff had been paid within the approved cadre	Complied		
16.2	All members of the staff have been issued a duty list in writing	Complied		
16.3	All reports have been submitted to MSD in terms of their circular no.04/2017 dated 20.09.2017	Not Applicable		
17	Provision of information to the public			
17.1	An information officer has been appointed and a proper register of information is maintained and updated in terms of Right To Information Act and Regulation	Complied		
17.2	Information about the institution to the public have been provided by Website or alternative measures and has it been facilitated to appreciate / allegation to public against the public authority by this website or alternative measures	Complied		
17.3	Bi- Annual and Annual reports have been submitted as per section 08 and 10 of the RTI Act	Complied		
18	Implementing citizens charter			
18.1	A citizens charter/ Citizens client's charter has been formulated and implemented by the Institution in terms of the circular number 05/2008 and 05/2018(1) of Ministry of Public Administration and Management	Complied		
18.2	A methodology has been devised by the Institution in order to monitor and assess the formulation and the implementation of Citizens Charter / Citizens client's charter as per paragraph 2.3 of the circular	Complied		
19	Preparation of the Human Resource Plan			
19.1	A human resource plan has been prepared in terms of the format in Annexure 02 of Public Administration Circular No.02/2018 dated 24.01.2018.	Complied		

19.2	A minimum training opportunity of not less than 12 hours per year for each member of the staff has been ensured in the aforesaid Human Resource Plan	Complied		
19.3	Annual performance agreements have been signed for the entire staff based on the format in Annexure 01 of the aforesaid Circular	Not Applicable		
19.4	A senior officer was appointed and assigned the responsibility of preparing the human resource development plan, organizing capacity building programmes and conducting skill development programmes as per paragraph No.6.5 of the aforesaid Circular	Complied		
20	Responses Audit Paras			
20.1	The shortcomings pointed out in the audit paragraphs issued by the Auditor General for the previous years have been rectified	Complied		





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தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம்

NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE



මගේ අංකය
எனது இல.
My No.

PIC/A/PAR/02/24/08

ඔබේ අංකය
உமது இல.
Your No.

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திகதி
Date

2025 මැයි 30 දින

ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී

පාර්ලිමේන්තුව

ශීර්ෂය 016 - පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳව 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 11(1) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව විගණකාධිපති සම්පිණ්ඩන වාර්තාව

1. මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන

1.1 මතය

ශීර්ෂය 016 - පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට මූල්‍ය තත්ත්වය පිළිබඳ ප්‍රකාශය, එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය කාර්යසාධන ප්‍රකාශය හා මුදල් ප්‍රවාහ ප්‍රකාශවලින් සමන්විත 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ විධිවිධාන සමඟ සංයෝජිතව කියවිය යුතු ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුක්‍රම ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ 154(1) ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ ඇතුළත් විධිවිධාන ප්‍රකාර මාගේ විධානය යටතේ විගණනය කරන ලදී. 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 11(1) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව පාර්ලිමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලබන මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳව මාගේ අදහස් දැක්වීම් හා නිරීක්ෂණයන් මෙම වාර්තාවේ සඳහන් වේ. 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 11(2) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී වෙත වාර්ෂික විස්තරාත්මක කළමනාකරණ විගණන වාර්තාව යථා කාලයේදී ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබේ. ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුක්‍රම ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ 154(6) ව්‍යවස්ථාව සමඟ සංයෝජිතව කියවිය යුතු 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 10 වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව ඉදිරිපත් කළ යුතු විගණකාධිපති වාර්තාව යථා කාලයේදී පාර්ලිමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබේ.

පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවලින්, මූල්‍ය තත්ත්වය, මූල්‍ය කාර්යසාධනය හා මුදල් ප්‍රවාහ, මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවලට අදාළ සටහන් 1 හි සඳහන් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සකස් කිරීමේ පදනමට අනුකූලව සියලුම ප්‍රමාණාත්මකතාවයන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සාධාරණ තත්ත්වයක් පිළිබිඹු කරන බව මා දරන්නා වූ මතය වේ.

1.2 මතය සඳහා පදනම

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විගණන ප්‍රමිතීන්ට (ශ්‍රී.ලං.වි.ප්‍ර) අනුකූලව මා විගණනය සිදු කරන ලදී. මෙම විගණන ප්‍රමිති යටතේ වූ මාගේ වගකීම, මෙම වාර්තාවේ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන විගණනය සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණකගේ වගකීම යන කොටසේ තවදුරටත් විස්තර කර ඇත. මාගේ මතය සඳහා පදනමක් සැපයීම උදෙසා මා විසින් ලබා ගෙන ඇති විගණන සාක්ෂි ප්‍රමාණවත් සහ උචිත බව මාගේ විශ්වාසයයි.





ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය
 ජනරජයේ සාමාන්‍ය පාලන කොමිෂන් කොමිෂන්
NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE

1.3 කරුණක් අවධාරණය කිරීම - මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සකස් කිරීමේ පදනම

මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සකස් කිරීමේ පදනම විස්තර කරන මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවලට අදාළ සටහන් 1 කෙරෙහි අවධානය යොමු කරවමි. මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන රජයේ මුදල් රෙගුලාසි 150 හා 151 සහ 2025 පෙබරවාරි 21 දින සංශෝධිත 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 16 දිනැති රාජ්‍ය ගිණුම් මාර්ගෝපදේශ අංක 06/2024 අනුව මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරයේ සහ පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ අවශ්‍යතාවය සඳහා සකස් කර ඇත. එම නිසා, මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන වෙනත් අරමුණු සඳහා සුදුසු නොවිය හැක. මගේ වාර්තාව මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරයේ සහ ශ්‍රී ලංකා පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ භාවිතය සඳහා පමණක් අරමුණු කර ඇත. මෙම කරුණ සම්බන්ධයෙන් මගේ මතය විකරණය කරනු නොලැබේ.

1.4 මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සම්බන්ධයෙන් ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරීගේ හා ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරීගේ වගකීම

රජයේ මුදල් රෙගුලාසි 150 හා 151 සහ 2025 පෙබරවාරි 21 දින සංශෝධිත 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 16 දිනැති රාජ්‍ය ගිණුම් මාර්ගෝපදේශ අංක 06/2024 අනුකූලව සියලුම ප්‍රමාණාත්මකතාවයන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සාධාරණ තත්ත්වයක් පිළිබිඹු කෙරෙන පරිදි මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීම හා වංචා සහ වැරදි හේතුවෙන් ඇති විය හැකි ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන්ගෙන් තොරව මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකි වනු පිණිස අවශ්‍යවන අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනය තීරණය කිරීම ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරීගේ වගකීම වේ.

2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 16(1) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව පාර්ලිමේන්තුව විසින් වාර්ෂික හා කාලීන මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකිවන පරිදි ස්වකීය ආදායම්, වියදම්, වත්කම් හා බැරකම් පිළිබඳ නිසි පරිදි පොත්පත් හා වාර්තා පවත්වා ගෙන යා යුතුය.

ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 38(1)(අ) උප වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව පාර්ලිමේන්තුව මූල්‍ය පාලනය සඳහා සරිලදායි අභ්‍යන්තර පාලන පද්ධතියක් සකස් කර පවත්වා ගෙන යනු ලබන බවට ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී සහතික විය යුතු අතර එම පද්ධතියේ සරිලදායීත්වය පිළිබඳව කලින් කල සමාලෝචනයක් සිදු කර ඒ අනුව පද්ධතිය ඵලදායී ලෙස කරගෙන යාමට අවශ්‍ය වෙනස්කම් සිදු කරනු ලැබිය යුතුය.

1.5 මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන විගණනය පිළිබඳ විගණකගේ වගකීම

සමස්තයක් ලෙස මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන, වංචා හා වැරදි හේතුවෙන් ඇතිවන ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන්ගෙන් තොර බවට සාධාරණ තහවුරුවක් ලබාදීම සහ මාගේ මතය ඇතුළත් විගණන වාර්තාව නිකුත් කිරීම මාගේ අරමුණ වේ. සාධාරණ සහතිකවීම උසස් මට්ටමේ සහතිකවීමක් වන නමුත්, ශ්‍රී ලංකා විගණන ප්‍රමිති ප්‍රකාරව විගණනය සිදු කිරීමේදී එය සෑම විටම ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන් අනාවරණය කර ගන්නා බවට වන තහවුරු කිරීමක් නොවනු ඇත. වංචා සහ වැරදි තනි හෝ සාමූහික ලෙස බලපෑම් නිසා ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන් ඇති විය හැකි අතර, එහි ප්‍රමාණාත්මකභාවය මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පදනම කර ගනිමින් පරිශීලකයන් විසින් ගනු ලබන ආර්ථික තීරණ කෙරෙහි වන බලපෑම මත රඳා පවතී.

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විගණන ප්‍රමිති ප්‍රකාරව විගණනයේ කොටසක් ලෙස මා විසින් විගණනයේදී වෘත්තීය විනිශ්චය සහ වෘත්තීය සැකසුමකින් යුතුව ක්‍රියා කරන ලදී. මා විසින් තවදුරටත්,

- ප්‍රකාශ කරන ලද විගණන මතයට පදනමක් සපයා ගැනීමේදී වංචා හෝ වැරදි හේතුවෙන් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ඇති විය හැකි ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන් ඇතිවීමේ අවදානම හඳුනාගැනීම හා තක්සේරු කිරීම සඳහා අවස්ථාවෝචිතව උචිත විගණන පරිපාටි සැලසුම් කර ක්‍රියාත්මක කරන ලදී. වරදවා දැක්වීම් හේතුවෙන් සිදුවන ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය

ප්‍රකාශයන්ගෙන් සිදුවන බලපෑමට වඩා වංචාවකින් සිදුවන්නා වූ බලපෑම ප්‍රබල වන්නේ ඒවා දක්ෂත්වයෙන්, ව්‍යාජ ලේඛන සැකසීමෙන්, වෙනත්විෂය මහභූමියෙන්, වරදවා දැක්වීමෙන් හෝ අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනයන් මත භූමියෙන් වැනි හේතු නිසා වන බැවිනි.

- අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනයේ සම්පූර්ණත්වය පිළිබඳව මතයක් ප්‍රකාශ කිරීමේ අදහසින් නොවුවද, අවස්ථාවේදී උචිත විගණන පරිපාටි සැලසුම් කිරීම පිණිස අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනය පිළිබඳව අවබෝධයක් ලබා ගන්නා ලදී.
- හෙළිදරව් කිරීම් ඇතුළත් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ව්‍යුහය සහ අන්තර්ගතය සඳහා පාදක වූ ගනුදෙනු හා සිද්ධීන් උචිත හා සාධාරණ අයුරින් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ඇතුළත් බව ඇගයීම.
- මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ව්‍යුහය හා අන්තර්ගතය සඳහා පාදක වූ ගනුදෙනු හා සිද්ධීන් උචිත හා සාධාරණව ඇතුළත් වී ඇති බව සහ හෙළිදරව් කිරීම් ඇතුළත් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල සමස්ත ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම අගයන ලදී.

මාගේ විගණනය තුළදී හඳුනාගත් වැදගත් විගණන සොයාගැනීම්, ප්‍රධාන අභ්‍යන්තර පාලන දුර්වලතා හා අනෙකුත් කරුණු පිළිබඳව ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී දැනුවත් කරමි.

2. වෙනත් භෞතික අවශ්‍යතා පිළිබඳ වාර්තාව

2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 6(1)(ඇ) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව පහත සඳහන් කරුණු මා ප්‍රකාශ කරමි.

- (අ) මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන ඉකුත් වර්ෂය සමඟ අනුරූප වන බවට,
- (ආ) ඉකුත් වර්ෂයට අදාළ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳව මා විසින් කර තිබුණු පහත සඳහන් නිර්දේශය ක්‍රියාත්මක කර නොතිබුණි.

ඉකුත් වර්ෂයට අදාළ වාර්තාවේ ඡේද යොමුව	ක්‍රියාත්මක කර නොතිබුණු නිර්දේශය	මෙම වාර්තාවේ ඡේද යොමුව
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1.6.1 (අ)	පාර්ලිමේන්තුව සතු ජයන්තිපුර පිහිටි ගොඩනැගිලිවල වටිනාකම ගිණුම්ගත කර නොතිබීම.	3.3
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3. මූල්‍ය සමාලෝචනය

3.1 වියදම් කළමනාකරණය

3.1.1 ප්‍රතිපාදන උපයෝජනය

පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණයන් කරනු ලැබේ.

- (අ) මුදල් රෙගුලාසි 127(5) හි විධිවිධානවලට අනුකූල නොවන ලෙස මු.රෙ 66 මගින් ප්‍රතිපාදන සලසා නොතිබුණු වැය වීෂයයන් 02 ක හා තවත් වැය වීෂයයන් 14 ක වාර්ෂික අයවැය ප්‍රතිපාදනයෙන් සියයට 06 සිට සියයට 240 දක්වා පරාසයක් තුළ වැඩිකරගෙන තිබුණු අතර තවත් වැය වීෂයයන් 06ක වාර්ෂික අයවැය ප්‍රතිපාදනය සියයට 06 සිට සියයට 29 දක්වා පරාසයකින් අඩු කරගෙන තිබුණි.



ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය
 විගණන කොමසාරිස්වරයාගේ කාර්යාලය
 NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE

- (ආ) මුදල් රෙගුලාසි 50 හි විධිවිධානවලට අනුකූල නොවන ලෙස සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ පුනරාවර්තන වැය විෂයයන් 30 ක් සඳහා සලසා තිබුණු එකතුව රු.827,600,000 ක ශුද්ධ ප්‍රතිපාදන වලින් රු.504,116,680 ක් හෙවත් සියයට 16 සිට සියයට 91 දක්වා සහ තවත් ප්‍රාග්ධන වැය විෂයයන් 06 ක් සඳහා සලසා තිබුණු එකතුව රු.402,100,000 ක ශුද්ධ ප්‍රතිපාදන වලින් රු.644,104,350 ක් හෙවත් සියයට 39 සිට සියයට 96 දක්වා සැලකිය යුතු ප්‍රමාණයක් ඉතිරි වී තිබුණි.
- (ඇ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ මු.රෙ.66 මගින් මාරු කරගෙන තිබුණු එකතුව රු.65,590,000 ක ප්‍රතිපාදන වලින් එකතුව රු.9,186,273 ක් හෙවත් සියයට 04 ත් සියයට 71 ත් අතර පරාසයකින් ඉතිරි කර තිබුණි.
- (ඈ) 2024 ජනවාරි 10 දිනැති අංක 1/2024 දරන අයවැය චක්‍රලේඛයේ 13 වගන්තිය අනුව අතරවශය අවස්ථාවලදී පමණක් මු.රෙ. 66 මගින් ප්‍රතිපාදන මාරු කිරීම් සලකා බලනු ලබන අතර ඒ සඳහා වන සියලුම ඉල්ලීම් අදාළ මුදල් වර්ෂයේ නොවැම්බර් මස 30 ට පෙර භාණ්ඩාගාරය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කළයුතු වුවත් පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ මුළු වැය විෂයය මාරු කිරීම් වූ රු.130,087,000 ත් රු.46,797,000 ක් එනම් සියයට 36 ක් නොවැම්බර් මස 30 දිනට පසුව ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබූ අතර ඒ තුළ 2025 ජනවාරි මාසයේ තුළ මාරු කිරීම් රු.17,797,000ක ප්‍රමාණයක් විය.

3.2 බැරකම් හා බැඳීම් වලට එළඹීම

භාණ්ඩාගාරය වෙත වාර්තා නොකළ කිසිදු බැඳීමක් හෝ බැරකමක් පෙර වර්ෂයේ වියදම් ලෙස ඉදිරි වර්ෂයේදී නිරවුල් නොකළ යුතු වුවද භාණ්ඩාගාරය විසින් නිකුත් කරනු ලබන බැඳීම් හා බැරකම් ප්‍රකාශයේ ඇතුළත් නොවූ සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයට අදාළ එකතුව රු.15,687,145 ක වියදම 2025 වර්ෂයේදී ගෙවීම් කර තිබූ අතර එම බැරකම් පිළිබඳ විස්තර බැරකම් ලේඛනයේ ඇතුළත් කර නොතිබුණි.

3.3 නීති, රීති හා රෙගුලාසි වලට අනුකූල නොවීම

රාජ්‍ය ගිණුම් අධ්‍යක්ෂ ජනරාල්ගේ 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 16 දිනැති අංක 06/2024 දරන රාජ්‍ය ගිණුම් මාර්ගෝපදේශයේ 8.2 ඡේදය ප්‍රකාරව රු.7,820,000 ක් වූ ගොඩනැගිලිවල තක්සේරු වටිනාකම හඳුනාගෙන මූල්‍ය නොවන වත්කම් තුළ ඇතුළත් කර නොතිබුණි.

4. මෙහෙයුම් සමාලෝචනය

4.1 කාර්යසාධනය

4.1.1 වාර්ෂික කාර්යසාධන වාර්තාව

පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණයන් කරනු ලැබේ.

- (අ) 2020 අගෝස්තු 28 දිනැති අංක 02/2020 දරන රාජ්‍ය මුදල් චක්‍රලේඛයේ 12.2 වන ඡේදය අනුව මාර්ගෝපදේශ 14 ප්‍රකාරව වාර්ෂික කාර්යසාධන වාර්තාවේ 4 වන පරිච්ඡේදය මගින් ආයතනයේ කාර්යසාධන දර්ශක ක්‍රියාකාරී සැලැස්ම මත පදනම්ව ඉදිරිපත් කළ යුතු වුවත් එසේ ක්‍රියාකාරී සැලැස්ම මත පදනම්ව ආයතනයේ කාර්යසාධන දර්ශක ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණි.
- (ආ) වාර්ෂික කාර්යසාධන වාර්තාවේ 6.2 වන පරිච්ඡේදය මගින් ආයතනයේ මානව සම්පත් සංවර්ධනය යටතේ සේවක පුහුණුවීම් පිළිබඳව නියමිත ආකෘතියෙන් තොරතුරු ඉදිරිපත් කළයුතු වුවත් එසේ තොරතුරු ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණි.

4.1.2 ප්‍රසම්පාදන සැලැස්ම

පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණයන් කරනු ලැබේ.

- (උ) 2020 අගෝස්තු 28 දිනැති අංක 02/2020 දරන රාජ්‍ය මුදල් චක්‍රලේඛයේ 04 වන ඡේදය ප්‍රකාරව සියලුම ගණන් දීමේ නිලධාරීන් විසින් වාර්ෂික ප්‍රසම්පාදන සැලැස්ම, ප්‍රවර්තන වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් මස 10 වන දිනට පෙර එහි පිටපතක් විගණකාධිපති වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කළ යුතු වුවද සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ ප්‍රසම්පාදන සැලැස්ම මාස 03 ක කාල පරාසයක් පසුව විගණනයට ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබූ අතර එය ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී විසින් අනුමත කර නොතිබුණි.
- (ආ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ ප්‍රසම්පාදන සැලැස්මේ වැඩ සඳහා (civil works) රු.264,825,000 ක මුදලක් වෙන් කර තිබුණද වර්ෂ අවසානයේ එහි ප්‍රගතිය විගණනයට ඉදිරිපත් නොවීම හේතුවෙන් සැලැස්මේ ඵලදායිතාවය ඇගයීමට ලක් කළ නොහැකි විය.

4.2 වත්කම් කළමනාකරණය

පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණයන් කරනු ලැබේ.

- (අ) 2020 අගෝස්තු 28 දිනැති අංක 01/2020 දරන මුදල් අමාත්‍යාංශය විසින් නිකුත් කරන ලද රාජ්‍ය මුදල් චක්‍රලේඛයේ 11.1 ඡේදයේ අනු අංක 06 ප්‍රකාරව 2024 වර්ෂයට අදාළ භාණ්ඩ සමීක්ෂණ වාර්තා විගණකාධිපති වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණි.
- (ආ) රාජ්‍ය පරිපාලන හා කළමනාකරණ අමාත්‍යාංශය විසින් 2017 මැයි 04 දින නිකුත් කර ඇති අංක 02/2017 දරන ඒකාබද්ධ සේවා චක්‍රලේඛය සහ 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 22 දිනැති ජාතික පුස්තකාල හා පුලේඛන සේවා මණ්ඩලයේ අංක 2004/ප්‍රස/1(2016-සංශෝධිත) දරන චක්‍රලේඛයේ 3.1 වගන්තිය අනුව, පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රීවරුන් විසින් පරිශීලනය කරනු ලබන පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ පුස්තකාල පොත් සඳහා වාර්ෂික සමීක්ෂණ වාර්තා විගණකාධිපති වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණි.

4.3 කළමනාකරණ දුර්වලතා

පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණයන් කරනු ලැබේ.

- (අ) මියගිය, විශ්‍රාමගිය, වැඩ තහනම් කළ හා සේවය හැර ගිය නිලධාරීන්ගෙන් 2024 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට අයවියයුතු ණය ශේෂය රු.2,177,604 ක් වූ අතර ඒ තුළ වර්ෂ 1ත් 3ත් අතර අයවියයුතු ණය ශේෂය රු.850,744 ක් වූ අතර වර්ෂ 10කට අධික කාලයක් ඉක්ම වූ වැඩ තහනම් කළ නිලධාරීන්ගෙන් අය විය යුතු ණය ශේෂය රු.398,701 ක් වී තිබුණි.
- (ආ) පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ පිළිගැනීමේ තනතුරු 03 ක් ඇති කිරීම හා යෝජිත වැටුප් ක්‍රමවේදයක් සඳහා අංක 16/0190/702/006 හා 2016 ජනවාරි 28 දිනැති අමාත්‍ය මණ්ඩල සංදේශය විසින් ජාතික වැටුප් කොමිෂන් සභාවේ නිර්දේශ ලබා ගැනීම යෝග්‍ය බව දක්වා තිබුණද සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දින දක්වාම එම නිර්දේශ ලබා ගැනීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.





ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය
 විද්‍යා මහලය, කොළඹ 03
 NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE

- (ඇ) මාදිවෙල මන්ත්‍රී නිවාස ලබා දීමේදී පාර්ලිමේන්තු මහලේකම් සමඟ ඇති කරගනු ලබන ගිවිසුමෙහි 14 වගන්තිය අනුව නිවාසවල පරිභෝජනය කරනු ලබන විදුලිය, ජලය සහ දුරකථන සඳහා සියලු ගාස්තු පදිංචිකරු විසින් නොකඩවා කලට වේලාවට ගෙවිය යුතු වුවද සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රීවරුන්ගෙන් විදුලි බිල්පත්, ජල බිල්පත් හා දුරකථන බිල්පත් සඳහා පිළිවෙලින් රු. 637,539 ක්, රු. 590,860 ක් හා රු. 303,630 ක් හිඟව පැවති අතර එම මුදල් අයකර ගෙන නොතිබුණි.
- (ඈ) 2024 ජනවාරි 10 දිනැති ජාතික අයවැය වක්‍රලේඛ 1/2024 හි දක්වා ඇති පරිදි අරපිරිමැසුම්දායක ලෙස රජයේ වියදම් දැරීමත් වියදම් අවම කිරීම සඳහා වන රෙගුලාසි හා වක්‍රලේඛ දැඩිව පිළිපදිමින් ඒ ඒ ආයතන වල ස්වභාවය අනුව ගැලපෙන පරිදි වියදම් පාලන උපක්‍රම භාවිතා කළ යුතු වුවද, වෙනුවාරි දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරීන්ගෙන් කාර්යාල සාරි පිරිසිදු කර දීම සඳහා සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය තුළ රු. 171,557 ක් වැය කර තිබුණි.

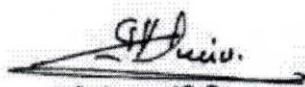
4.4 නොවිසඳුනු විගණන ඡේද

2020, 2021, 2022 සහ 2023 වර්ෂයන්හි විගණකාධිපති සම්පිණ්ඩිත වාර්තාවල දැක්වෙන 2018 පෙබරවාරි 15 දිනැති අංක 01/2018 දරන, වෙළඳ හා ආයෝජන ප්‍රතිපත්ති වක්‍රලේඛයේ 1.2 ඡේදය හා වෙළඳ හා ආයෝජන ප්‍රතිපත්ති දෙපාර්තමේන්තු අධ්‍යක්ෂ ජනරාල් විසින් පාර්ලිමේන්තු මහලේකම් වෙත නිකුත් කර තිබූ, අංක TIP/SS/01/84 හා 2019 අප්‍රේල් 25 දිනැති ලිපියට අනුව පාර්ලිමේන්තු කාර්ය මණ්ඩලය වෙත සහනදායී පදනම මත මෝටර් රථ බලපත්‍ර ලබාදීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් වූ වක්‍රලේඛ විධිවිධාන සහ උපදෙස්වලට පටහැනිව, "ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ මට්ටම" ව දයන් විධායක තනතුරක වසර හයක (06) ක සක්‍රීය සේවා කාලයක් සම්පූර්ණ කර නොතිබුණු පාර්ලිමේන්තු කාර්ය මණ්ඩලයේ නිලධාරීන් 03 දෙනෙකුට (බලපත්‍රය හිමි තනතුරට අදාළ සක්‍රීය සේවා කාලය මාස 02 ක් වර්ෂ 01 ක් අතර) සහනදායී මෝටර් වාහන බලපත්‍ර නිකුත් කිරීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් විධිමත් අනුමැතියක් විගණනය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණි.

5. මානව සම්පත් කලමනාකරණය

5.1 අනුමත කාර්ය මණ්ඩලය, කටයුතු කාර්ය මණ්ඩලය

2024 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සමස්ත කාර්යය මණ්ඩලයේ අනුමත සේවක සංඛ්‍යාව 994 ක් වූ අතර තත්කාලීන සේවක සංඛ්‍යාව 844 ක් වූ අතර ඒ අනුව ආයතනයේ ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ, තෘතීය, ද්විතීය හා ප්‍රාථමික මට්ටමේ තනතුරුවල පුරප්පාඩු 210 ක් විය. තවද අනුමත කාර්යය මණ්ඩලයේ නොවූ සේවකයන් 13 ක් අනියම්, තාවකාලික හා වෙනත් පදනම මත බඳවාගෙන තිබුණි.



ඒ.ඒ.ඒ. සේනරත්න
 ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ සහකාර විගණකාධිපති
 විගණකාධිපති (වැ.බ.) වෙනුවට

